

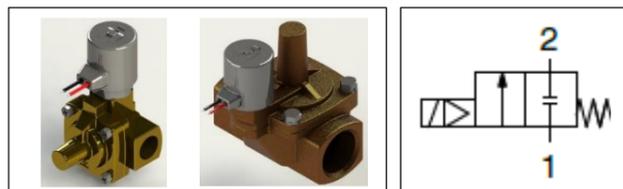


ORIGINAL INSTRUCTIONS

Instruction Manual

Pilot Operated 2 Port Solenoid Valve

JSXP series



The intended use of this product is to control the downstream fluid supply.

1 Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "Caution," "Warning" or "Danger." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC¹⁾, and other safety regulations.

¹⁾ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power - General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components.

ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power - General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components.

IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines.

Part 1: General requirements

ISO 10218-1: Robots and robotic devices - Safety requirements for industrial robots - Part 1: Robots

- Refer to product catalogue, Operation Manual and Handling Precautions for SMC Products for additional information.
- Keep this manual in a safe place for future reference.

Danger	Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
Warning	Warning indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
Caution	Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

Warning

- Always ensure compliance with relevant safety laws and standards.
- All work must be carried out in a safe manner by a qualified person in compliance with applicable national regulations.
- If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

Caution

- The product is provided for use in manufacturing industries only. This product must not be used in residential areas.

2 Specifications

2.1 Valve specifications

Size	40	50	60	70	80	90
Body material	Brass, Stainless steel		Bronze			
Valve construction	Pilot operated type					
Valve type	Normally closed (N.C.)					
Ambient temperature [°C]	-20 to 60 (no freezing)					
Fluid and fluid temperature [°C]	Steam		183 or less			
	Heated water		99 or less			
Orifice Ø [mm]	15	20	25	35	40	50
Port size	3/8, 1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4, 3/2A	1 1/2, 40A	2, 50A
Withstand pressure [MPa]	2.0					
Maximum system pressure [MPa]	1.0					
Flow characteristics	Refer to catalogue					
Response time [ms] ^{Note 1)}	Contact SMC					
Duty cycle						

2 Specifications - continued

Minimum operating frequency	Once every 30 days
Maximum operating frequency [Hz]	Contact SMC
Lubrication	Not required
Impact / Vibration resistance [m/s ²] ^{Note 2)}	150 / 30
Enclosure (based on IEC60529)	IP67
Mounting orientation	Unrestricted
Seal material	FKM, PTFE
Weight [g]	Refer to catalogue

Table 1.

Note 1) Variable dependent on pressure, voltage fluctuation, piping conditions, etc.

Note 2) Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when it was tested with a drop tester in the axial direction and at right angles to the main valve and armature; in both energized and de-energized states and for every time in each condition. (Values quoted are for a new valve)

Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a one-sweep test between 45 and 2000 Hz. Tests are performed at both energized and de-energized states in the axial direction and at right angles to the main valve and armature. (Values quoted are for a new valve.)

2.2 Valve leakage and operating pressure differential

	Fluid	Seal material	
		FKM seal	PTFE seal
Valve leakage [cm ³ /min] (ANR) ^{Note 1)}	Steam	≤ 1	≤ 50
	Heated water	≤ 10	≤ 500
External leakage [cm ³ /min] (ANR) ^{Note 1)}	Steam	≤ 1	
	Heated water	≤ 0.1	
Minimum operating pressure differential [MPa]		0.04 (JSXP40,50,60) 0.03(JSXP70,80,90)	
Maximum operating pressure differential [MPa]		1	

Table 2.

Note 1) At 20°C ambient temperature and a differential pressure ≥ the minimum operating pressure differential for air.

2.2 Coil specifications

Size	40	50	60	70	80	90
Rated voltage [V] ^{Note 1)}	AC	24, 48, 100, 110, 120, 200, 220, 230, 240				
	DC	12, 24				
Electrical entry ^{Note 1)}	Grommet, Conduit					
Coil insulation type	Class B			Class H		
Allowable voltage fluctuation ^{Note 2)}	±10% of rated voltage					
Allowable leakage voltage	AC	5% or less of rated voltage				
	DC	2% or less of rated voltage				
Apparent power [VA] ^{Note 3), 4)}	AC	8	9.5	16		
Power consumption [W] ^{Note 3)}	DC	6	8	13		
Temperature rise [°C] ^{Note 5)}	AC	70			80	
	DC	65			75	

Table 3

Note 1) For the grommet option, AC110V rated voltage or higher is not compatible with CE.

Note 2) Valve state is not defined if electrical input is outside of specified operating ranges.

Note 3) Apparent power / Power consumption: The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when rated voltage is applied (Variation: ± 10%).

Note 4) There is no difference in the frequency and the inrush and energised apparent power, since a rectifying circuit is used in the AC.

Note 5) Temperature rise is the increase when rated voltage is applied to a valve with an ambient temperature of 20°C. However, it is a reference value because it varies depending on the surrounding environment.

2.3 Special products

Warning

Special products (-X) might have specifications different from those shown in this section. Contact SMC for specific drawings.

3 Installation

3.1 Installation

Warning

- Do not install the product unless the safety instructions have been read and understood.

3 Installation - continued

3.2 Environment

Warning

- Do not use in an environment where corrosive gases, chemicals, salt water or steam are present.
- Do not use in an explosive atmosphere.
- Do not expose to direct sunlight. Use a suitable protective cover.
- Do not install in a location subject to vibration or impact in excess of the product's specifications.
- Do not mount in a location exposed to radiant heat that would result in temperatures in excess of the product's specifications.
- Products compliant with IP65 and IP67 enclosures are protected against dust and water, however, these products cannot be used in water.
- Products compliant with IP65 and IP67 enclosures satisfy the specifications by mounting each product properly. Be sure to read the Specific Product Precautions for each product.
- This valve is for indoor use only.
- For low temperature operation, take appropriate measures to prevent solidification or freezing of drainage and moisture, etc.
- In case of use in environments such as cold regions, high dew point temperature with low ambient temperature and high flow rates:
 - Drain water from pipeline when equipment is off.
 - Apply thermal insulating material or use a heater, etc (avoid on coil portion).
- Installation of a dryer on the inlet.
- Employ suitable protective measures in locations where there is contact with oil or welding spatter, etc.
- Do not use in high humidity environment where condensation can occur.
- Contact SMC for altitude limitations.

3.3 Piping

Caution

- Before connecting piping make sure to clean up chips, cutting oil, dust etc.
- When installing piping or fittings, ensure sealant material does not enter inside the port. When using seal tape, leave 1.5 to 2 threads exposed on the end of the pipe/fitting.
- Tightening torque for steel pipe piping. When piping to the valve, tighten with the following appropriate torque:

Port size	Tightening torque [N·m]
3/8	15 to 20
1/2	20 to 25
3/4	28 to 30
1	36 to 38
1 1/4	40 to 42
1 1/2, 2	48 to 50

Table 4

- Avoid connecting ground lines to piping, as this may cause electric corrosion of the system.
- When connecting piping to the product, avoid mistakes regarding the supply ports etc.
- When using fittings other than SMC fittings, follow the instructions given by the fitting manufacturer.
- For the handling of our fittings, please refer to Fittings and Tubing Precautions in the Handling Precautions for SMC products.
- When connecting tubes using the one-touch fitting, provide tube length with sufficient margin. Refer to Specific Precautions in the catalogue for more details.

Warning

- To prevent uncontrolled tube movement, install protective covers or fasten tubes securely in place.
- If using tube piping, secure the product to a permanent fixture. Do not suspend it by the tubing.

3.4 Lubrication

Caution

This product does not require lubrication in service.

3.5 Fluid supply

Caution

- The use of a fluid that contains foreign objects can cause problems such as malfunction and seal failure by promoting wear of the valve seat and armature and by sticking to the sliding parts of the armature etc. Install a suitable filter (strainer) immediately upstream from the valve. Filtration size is 5 µm or less for air, and 100 mesh for water.

3 Installation - continued

3.5.1 Water

Caution

- Corrosion resulting from rust stains, chloride, etc., from the piping may cause malfunction, seal failure, or damage. Also, such damage may result in the spraying of fluids or scattering of parts. Please be sure to have protective measures in place in case such incidents should occur.
- In the case that water contains substances such as calcium and magnesium, which generate hard scale and sludge, install water softening equipment and a filter (strainer) directly upstream from the valve to remove these substances, as this scale and sludge can cause the valve to malfunction.
- The water pressure of tap water is usually 0.4 MPa or less, but the pressure can sometimes increase to 1.0 MPa in tall buildings. Therefore, pay attention to the max. operating pressure differential.

3.5.2 Steam

Caution

Do not use steam that contains chemicals, synthetic oils containing organic solvents, salts or corrosive gases etc., as these can cause damage or deterioration.

3.6 Mounting

Warning

- Do not install with the coil downwards. If a valve is mounted with the coil positioned downwards, foreign objects in the fluid will adhere to the core/armature leading to a malfunction.
- Ensure sufficient space for maintenance activities.
- Avoid sources of vibration or adjust the distance from the body to a minimum length so that resonance will not occur.
- Do not apply external force to the coil section: When tightening fittings, apply a wrench or other tool to the outside of the piping connection parts.
- Do not warm the coil assembly with a heat insulator, etc. Use tape, heaters, etc, for freeze prevention on the piping and body only. They can cause the coil to burn out.
- Valve becomes hot during and after energization. Do not touch it with bare hands as it may cause burns.

Caution

- Painting and coating: Warnings or specifications printed or labelled on the product should not be erased, removed, or covered up.

3.6.1 Bracket installation

3.6.1.1 JSXP sizes 40, 50, 60

When requested, the brackets for valve sizes 40, 50, and 60 are installed during assembly at the factory. Brackets are not available as spare parts for retrofit by the customer.

3.7 Electrical connection

Warning

- The solenoid valve is an electrical product. For safety, install an appropriate fuse and circuit breaker before use according to local regulations. When using a number of solenoid valves, installing one fuse on the primary side is not enough. To protect the device more safely, select and install a fuse for each circuit.

Caution

- Avoid mis-wiring, as this can cause malfunction and damage to the product.
- Use electrical wire with cross sectional area 0.5 to 1.25 mm².
- Use electrical circuits that do not generate chattering in their contacts.
- When a surge from the solenoid affects the electrical circuitry, install a surge absorber, etc., in parallel with the solenoid or use the product with a surge voltage suppressor.
- Use voltage that is within ±10% of the rated voltage. In case of direct current, if the response time is important, ensure that voltage is within ±5% of the rated value. (The voltage drop is the value in the lead wire section connecting the coil.)
- Do not bend or pull lead wires and cables repeatedly.
- Do not apply more than 10 N of force to the lead wires or damage may occur.
- Do not bend the lead wires beyond 90° with a radius of less than 20mm or damage may occur. See figure 1.

3 Installation - continued

3.7.1 Grommet (Lead wire AWG20, outer diameter 2.6mm.)

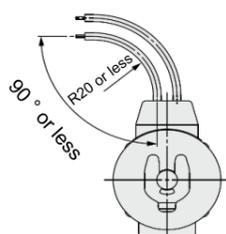


Figure 1. Lead wire bending

Voltage type		Lead wire colour	
		1	2
Grommet	DC (12,24 V)	Black	Red
Grommet with PCB	DC (12, 24 V)	Black	Red
	AC (100 V)	Blue	Blue
	AC (24,48 V)	Grey	Grey

Table 5.

Note) There is no polarity.

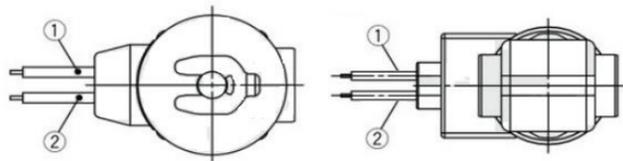


Figure 2. Grommet and Grommet with PCB

3.7.2 Conduit (Lead wire AWG18, outer diameter 2.8mm.)

Voltage type	Conduit wire colour		
	1	2	3 (ground wire)
DC	Black	Red	Green / Yellow
AC 100V	Blue	Blue	Green / Yellow
AC 200V	Red	Red	Green / Yellow
Other AC	Grey	Grey	Green / Yellow

Table 6.

Note) There is no polarity.

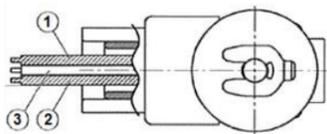


Figure 3. Conduit

Caution

The valve achieves IP67 rating when used with IP67 rated female connector (with cable). Note that the valve shouldn't be used in water.

- Tighten the connector by hand (at 0.39 to 0.49 N·m), not with a tool which may damage the connector.
- Do not apply repeated bending force, tensile force, or heavy load to the cable.
- Do not pull the connector or cable unnecessarily.
- When installing the valve, do not bend the cable at the root from the connector body.

3.8 Electrical circuits

Caution

Surge suppression should be specified by using the appropriate part number. If a valve without suppression (Type 'G') is used, suppression must be provided by the host controller as close as possible to the valve.

3.8.1 DC circuits

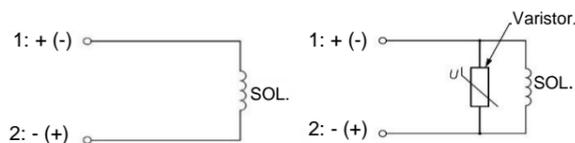


Figure 4. Grommet without electrical option

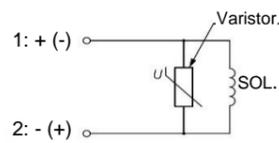


Figure 5. Grommet / Conduit with surge voltage suppressor

3 Installation - continued

3.8.2 AC circuits

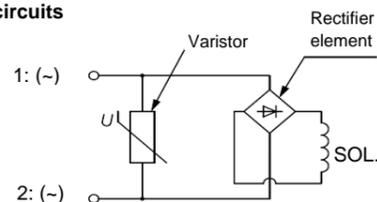


Figure 6. Grommet / Conduit with surge voltage suppressor

3.9 Residual voltage

Caution

- If a varistor or diode surge voltage suppressor is used, the suppressor arrests the back EMF voltage from the coil to approximately 1 V (AC type) or 60 V (DC type).
- Ensure the transient voltage is within the specification of the host controller.
- Valve response time is dependent on surge suppression method selected.

3.10 Countermeasure for external surge voltage

Caution

- At times of sudden interruption of the power supply, the energy stored in a large inductive device may cause non-polar type valves in a de-energised state to switch.
- When installing a breaker circuit to isolate the power, install a surge absorption diode across the output of the breaker.

3.11 Extended period of continuous energization

Warning

- The solenoid coil will generate heat when continuously energized, so avoid installing in an enclosed space. Install in a well-ventilated area.
- Do not touch the coil while it is being energized or immediately after energization.

3.12 Effect of back pressure

Warning

If there is a possibility of back pressure being applied to the valve, take countermeasures such as mounting a check valve on the downstream side of the valve.

4 How to Order

Refer to catalogue for 'How to Order' or to product drawings for special products.

5 Outline Dimensions

Refer to catalogue and special drawings for outline dimensions.

6 Maintenance

6.1 General maintenance

Caution

- Not following proper maintenance procedures could cause the product to malfunction and lead to equipment damage.
- If handled improperly, compressed fluids can be dangerous. Shut off the fluid supply and release the fluid pressure in the system.
- Make sure that temperature of the valve has reduced sufficiently before removing the valve.
- After installation and maintenance, apply operating pressure and power to the equipment and perform appropriate functional and leakage tests to make sure the equipment is installed correctly. If leakage increases or equipment does not operate properly, stop operation.
- If any electrical connections are disturbed during maintenance, ensure they are reconnected correctly, and safety checks are carried out as required to ensure continued compliance with applicable national regulations.
- Do not make any modification to the product.
- Do not disassemble the product, unless required by installation or maintenance instructions.

6 Maintenance – continued

- Periodic maintenance of filter and strainer:
 - Replace filter element every 1 year or when the pressure drop becomes 0.1 MPa, whichever comes first.
 - Wash strainer when the pressure drop becomes 0.1 MPa.
- Exhaust the drainage from the air filters periodically. If the drainage overflows and enters the air line, this may cause malfunction of pneumatic equipment.
- Switch valves at least once every 30 days to prevent malfunction. Also, in order to use it under the optimum state, conduct a regular inspection once every 6 months.
- In the case of long-term storage after use, thoroughly remove all moisture to prevent rust and deterioration of rubber materials, etc.

6.1 Replacement parts

Refer to catalogue for replacement parts.

6.2 How to replace solenoid coil

Warning

- When replacing the solenoid coil, turn off the power supply.
- Be careful of possible high temperature of the solenoid coil due to the fluid temperature and operating conditions.

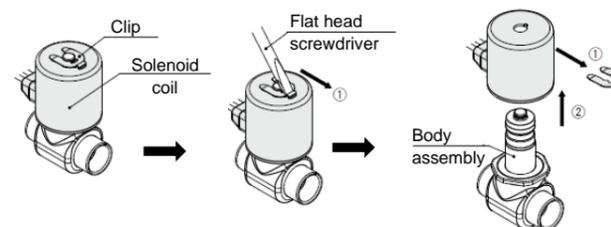


Figure 7.

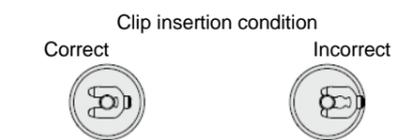
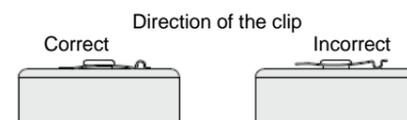


Figure 8.

Note) When inserting the coil, be sure to push it in until the groove in the body assembly is visible.

Note) Images show coil replacement for JSX. Coil replacement process for the JSXP is the same.

6.4 Storage

Caution

In the case of long-term storage, thoroughly remove all moisture to prevent rust and deterioration of rubber materials, etc.

7 Limitations of Use

Warning

The system designer should determine the effect of possible failure modes of the product on the system.

7.1 Limited warranty and disclaimer/compliance requirements

Refer to Handling Precautions for SMC Products.

Warning

7.2 Effect of energy loss on valve switching

Fluid supply present, electrical supply cut	Valve returns to the initial de-energized position by spring force
Electrical supply present, fluid supply cut	Valve remains in the energized position

Table 7.

7 Limitations of Use – continued

7.3 Low temperature operation

- The valve can be used in an ambient temperature of -20°C. However, take measures to prevent freezing or solidification of impurities, etc.
- When using valves for water application in cold climates, take appropriate countermeasures to prevent the water from freezing in tubing after cutting the water supply from the pump, by draining the water, etc. When using a heater, avoid heating the coil.

7.4 Fluids

- The compatibility of the components of this product with the fluid used may vary depending on the type of fluid, additives, concentration, temperature, etc. Check the compatibility with the actual machine before use.
- The kinematic viscosity of fluid must not exceed 50 mm²/s.
- Take measures to prevent static electricity since some fluids can cause static electricity.
- Do not use the product with the fluids listed below:
 - Fluids that are harmful to the human body.
 - Combustible or flammable fluids.
 - Corrosive gas and fluid.
 - Sea water, saline.

7.5 Holding of pressure

Since valves are subject to air leakage, they cannot be used for applications such as holding pressure (including vacuum) in a system.

7.6 Cannot be used as an emergency shut-off valve

This product is not designed for safety applications such as an emergency shut-off valve. If the valves are used in this type of system, other reliable safety assurance measures should be adopted.

7.7 Closed liquid circuit

In a closed circuit, when liquid is static, pressure could rise due to changes in temperature. This pressure rise could cause malfunction and damage to components such as valves. To prevent this, install a relief valve in the system.

7.8 Impact of rapid pressure fluctuation

When an impact caused by the rapid pressure fluctuation, such as water hammer etc., is applied, the solenoid valve may be damaged. Install

water hammer relief equipment (accumulator, etc.), or use a SMC water hammer relief valve.

7.9 Valve condition on start-up

For pilot operated 2-port solenoid valves, when the main valve is closed, sudden pressure resulting from the start-up of the fluid supply (pump, compressor, etc.) may cause the valve to open momentarily and leakage to occur, so please exercise caution.

7.10 Rapid change of pressure

If the product is used so rapid decrease in the inlet pressure of the valve and rapid increase in the outlet pressure of the valve are repeated, excessive stress will be applied to the diaphragm, which causes the diaphragm to get damaged, leading to the operation failure of the valve. Check the operating conditions before use.

7.11 Minimum operating pressure differential

Be aware that even if the pressure difference is above the minimum operating pressure differential when the valve is closed, the pressure difference may fall below the minimum operating pressure differential when the valve opens, depending on the capacity of the supply source (pumps, compressors, etc.) or the type of pipe restrictions (the piping is bent continuously due to elbow or tee, or narrow tube nozzle is installed in the end). If the product is used below the minimum operating pressure, the operation becomes unstable, which may cause valve opening or closing failure leading to failure due to insufficient pressure differential. Select an appropriate valve size based on the required flow characteristics.

7.12 Normally closed valves

Although the valves are normally closed (IN and OUT port blocked), and flow is blocked from Port 1 to Port 2, the fluid will not be blocked if Port 2 pressure is greater than Port 1 pressure, and fluid will flow from Port 2 to Port 1.

Caution

7.13 Leakage voltage

Ensure that any leakage voltage caused by the leakage current when the switching element is OFF causes $\leq 2\%$ of the rated voltage across the valve for DC coil and $\leq 5\%$ for AC coils.

7 Limitations of Use – continued

7.14 EMC Restrictions

7.14.1 Class and Group Description

- This product is group 1, class A equipment according to EN55011.
- Group 1 equipment does not intentionally generate radio-frequency energy in the range 9 kHz to 400 GHz.
- Class A equipment is equipment suitable for use in all locations other than those allocated in residential environments and those directly connected to a low voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
- This equipment is not intended for use in residential environments and may not provide adequate protection to radio reception in such environments.

8 Product Disposal

This product shall not be disposed of as municipal waste. Check your local regulations and guidelines to dispose this product correctly, in order to reduce the impact on human health and the environment.

9 Return of Product

Warning

If the product to be returned is contaminated or is possibly contaminated with substances that are harmful to humans, for safety reasons, please contact SMC beforehand and then employ a specialist cleaning company to decontaminate the product. After the decontamination prescribed above has been carried out, submit a Product Return Request Sheet or the Detoxification/Decontamination Certificate to SMC and await SMC's approval and further instructions before attempting to return the item. Please refer to the International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC) for a list of harmful substances. If you have any further questions, please don't hesitate to contact your SMC sales representative.

10 Contacts

Refer to www.smcworld.com or www.smc.eu for your local distributor/importer.

SMC Corporation

URL : [https:// www.smcworld.com](https://www.smcworld.com) (Global) <https:// www.smc.eu> (Europe)
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